

VZTAHY MEZI GONIOMETRICKÝMI FUNKCEMI

1. Zjednodušte výraz: (tj. při tomto zadání vždy nejprve určíme definiční obor a až potom zjednodušíme):

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{a)} \frac{1}{1+\cot^2 x} + \left(\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{1-\tg x} \right)^2 & \text{b)} \frac{\cos^2 x}{1+\sin(-x)} & \text{c)} \frac{\sin^2 x - 1}{(\cos x - 1) \cdot (\cos x + 1)} & \text{d)} \frac{\sin^4 x - \cos^4 x}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x} \\ \text{e)} (\sin x + \cos x)^2 + [\sin(-x) + \cos(-x)]^2 & \text{f)} \frac{1+\cot^2 x}{1+\tg^2 x} & \text{g)} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\cot g x - 1} & \text{h)} 1 - \frac{\cot^2 x}{1+\cot^2 x} \end{array}$$

2. Zjednodušte výraz:

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{a)} \frac{2\cos^2 x - 1}{(1-\sin^2 x) \cdot (1-\tg^2 x)} & \text{b)} \frac{(\sin x \cdot \cot g x)^2 - 1}{3\sin^2 x} & \text{c)} \cos x + \frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{\sin x - \cos x} & \text{d)} \frac{\sin^2 x - 1}{\cos^2 x} \\ \text{e)} 2\tg x \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} - \cos^2 x + 1 - \sin^2 x & \text{f)} \frac{5\sin^2 x}{\cos x - 1} & \text{g)} (\sin x - \cos x)^2 + 2\sin x \cos x - \tg x \cot g x & \\ \text{h)} \frac{(\cos x \tg x)^2 - 1}{\cos^2 x} & \text{i)} 2\sin^2 x - \cot g x \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} - 5 + 2\cos^2 x & \text{j)} 8 - \tg x \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{1-\cos^2 x}} & \\ \text{k)} \frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\cos x - \sin x} + \sin x & \text{l)} 1 - \cos^2 x \cdot \tg^2 x & \text{m)} \tg^2 y - \frac{1}{\cos^2 y} & \text{n)} \frac{\cot g^2 x + 1}{1+\tg^2 x} \\ \text{o)} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) - 2\cos x}{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right)} & \text{p)} \frac{\sin^2 x - \sin^4 x}{\cos^2 x - \cos^4 x} & \text{q)} \tg^2 y \cos^2 y + 1 - \cos^2 y & \text{r)} \frac{\sqrt{1+\cot g^2 x}}{\sqrt{1+\tg^2 x}} \end{array}$$

3. Dokažte následující vztyahy: (tj. upravte levou stranu rovnice tak, aby se rovnala pravé straně nebo postupujte naopak)

$$\text{a)} \frac{\tg x + \tg y}{\cot g x + \cot g y} = \tg x \tg y \quad \text{b)} \tg x + \tg y = \frac{\sin(x+y)}{\cos x \cdot \cos y} \quad \text{c)} \cot g x + \cot g y = \frac{\sin(x+y)}{\sin x \cdot \sin y}$$

4. Zjistěte, za jakých podmínek mají dané výrazy smysl, a pak je zjednodušte:

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{a)} (\cos y + \sin y)^2 + (\cos y - \sin y)^2 & \text{b)} \frac{\cos^2 x}{1-\sin x} & \text{c)} \frac{\cos^2 z \cdot \tg z}{1-\cos^2 z} & \text{d)} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) \\ \text{e)} \frac{\sin u + \sin v}{\cos u + \cos v} & \text{f)} (\sin x - \sin^3 x)^{-1} \cdot (\cos x - \cos^3 x) & & \end{array}$$

5. Užitím vhodných vzorců dokažte, že platí:

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{a)} \sin(x+2k\pi) = \sin x & \text{b)} \cos(x+2k\pi) = \cos x & \text{c)} \tg(x+k\pi) = \tg x & \text{d)} \cot g(x+2k\pi) = \cot g x \\ \text{e)} \sin(-x+2k\pi) = -\sin x & \text{f)} \cos(-x+2k\pi) = \cos x & \text{g)} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \sin x & \text{h)} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \cos x \end{array}$$

6. Dokažte, že pro všechna $x \in \mathbb{R}$ platí:

$$\text{a)} \sin x = \sin(\pi - x) \quad \text{b)} \sin x = -\sin(\pi + x) \quad \text{c)} \sin x = -\sin(2\pi - x) \quad \text{d)} \cos x = -\cos(\pi - x)$$

7. Zjednodušte:

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{a)} -\cos 76^\circ \cos 164^\circ + \sin 76^\circ \sin 164^\circ & \text{b)} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + x\right) & \text{c)} -\sin 828^\circ \cos 603^\circ + \cos 828^\circ \sin 603^\circ \\ \text{d)} -\sin 888^\circ \cos 42^\circ - \cos 888^\circ \sin 42^\circ & \text{e)} -\cos 32^\circ \cos 118^\circ + \sin 32^\circ \sin 118^\circ & \text{f)} \cos 254^\circ \cos 134^\circ + \sin 254^\circ \sin 134^\circ & \end{array}$$

8. Dokažte, že pro přípustné hodnoty x platí:

$$\text{a)} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6} - x\right) - \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + x\right) = \sin x \quad \text{b)} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x\right) = \sqrt{2} \sin x \quad \text{c)} \tg\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x\right) - \tg\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + x\right) = \frac{4\tgx}{\tg^2 x - 1}$$

9. Zjednodušte, uveděte podmínky, za kterých je výraz definován:

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{a)} \frac{\sin 2x}{2\cos x} & \text{b)} \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin 2x} & \text{c)} 1 - \cos 2x & \text{d)} \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{\sin 2x} & \text{e)} \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{1 + \cos 2x} & \text{f)} \sin 2x \cot g x - \cos 2x \end{array}$$

g) $\frac{2\cos 2x}{\sin 4x}$ h) $\frac{\sin^2 \frac{x}{2} - \cos^2 \frac{x}{2}}{\cos x}$ i) $\frac{1 - \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{3 + 3\cos 2x}$ j) $\frac{2}{1 + \cot^2 x} - \frac{2}{1 + \tan^2 x}$ k) $\frac{1 - \sin x - \cos 2x}{\cos x - \sin 2x}$

l) $\frac{\sin x - \sin^3 x}{\cos^3 x - \cos x} \cdot \tan x$ m) $\frac{\sin^2 x \cot g x}{\sin^2 x - 1}$ n) $\frac{1 + \cos 3x}{\sin 3x} - \frac{\sin 3x}{1 - \cos 3x}$ o) $\left(\frac{1}{\sin \beta - 1} + \frac{1}{\sin \beta + 1} \right) \cot g \beta$

p) $\sin 2\gamma (\cos \gamma + \sin \gamma) \cdot (\tan \gamma + \cot \gamma) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 + \cot^2 \gamma}}$

10.* Vyjádřete pomocí $\sin x$ výraz: $\sin x + \sin 3x + \sin 5x$

11. Zjednodušte:

a) $-\sin 218^\circ - \sin 202^\circ$ b) $-\cos 477^\circ + \cos 927^\circ$ c) $\sin 82^\circ + \sin 22^\circ$ d) $\sin 92^\circ - \sin 752^\circ$
e) $\cos 301^\circ + \cos 299^\circ$ f) $\cos 15^\circ - \cos 75^\circ$ g) $-\sin 12^\circ - \sin 252^\circ$ h) $-\cos 154^\circ - \cos 746^\circ$

12. Vyjádřete výraz jako součin:

a) $\sin 2x + \sin 3x$ b) $\cos x - \cos 3x$ c) $\cos 2\beta + \cos 4\beta$ d) $\sin 5x - \sin x$

13. Zjednodušte:

a) $-\cos 62^\circ - \cos 58^\circ + \sin 132^\circ - \sin 48^\circ$ b) $\cos 63^\circ - \sin 302^\circ + \cos 3^\circ - \sin 418^\circ$
c) $\sin \frac{5}{12}\pi - \cos \frac{9}{5}\pi - \sin \frac{\pi}{12} - \cos \frac{6}{5}\pi$ d) $\sin \frac{19}{4}\pi + \cos \frac{\pi}{5} - \sin \frac{23}{8}\pi - \cos \frac{31}{5}\pi$

14. Zjednodušte:

a) $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + x\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} - x\right)$ b) $\cos\left(3\alpha + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + \cos\left(3\alpha - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ c) $-\sin(\beta - 30^\circ) - \sin(3\beta + 30^\circ)$

15. Rozložte na součin:

a) $\sin x + \sin 2x + \sin 3x$ b) $\cos 3x - \cos 5x + \cos 7x$

16. Výraz zjednodušte a uveďte podmínky, za kterých je definován:

a) $\frac{\sin x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{\cos x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$ b) $\frac{\tan x + 1}{\cot g x + 1}$ c) $\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sqrt{2} \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)}$ d) $\frac{\sin x - 1}{\cos x + \cos \frac{\pi}{2}}$
e) $\frac{\tan x}{1 + \tan^2 x} - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x$ f) $\frac{\sin 3x + \sin x}{1 + \cos 2x}$ g) $\frac{2 \cot g x}{\sin 2x} - \cot g^2 x$ h) $\frac{1 - \tan^2 x}{\cos 2x} - \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$

Řešení:

1. a) $1, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{4} + k \cdot \pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ b) $1 + \sin x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ c) $\cot g^2 x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \{k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z}\}$
d) $-1, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{4}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ e) $2, D(f) = \mathbf{R}$ f) $\cot g^2 x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ g) $-\sin x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k\pi, \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$
h) $\sin^2 x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \{k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z}\}$
2. a) $1, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, \frac{\pi}{4} + k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ b) $-\frac{1}{3}, \mathbf{R} - \{k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z}\}$ c) $-\sin x, \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ d) $-1, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$
e) $2, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ f) $-5(1 + \cos x), D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \{2k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z}\}$ g) $0, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ h) $-1, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$
i) $-4, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ j) $7, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ k) $-\cos x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$
l) $\cos^2 x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ m) $-1, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ n) $\cot g^2 x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ o) $-\cot g x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$
D(f) = $\mathbf{R} - \{k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z}\}$ p) $1, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ q) $2\sin^2 y, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$ r) $\cot g x, D(f) = \mathbf{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbf{Z} \right\}$

4. a) 2 , $D(f) = \mathbb{R}$ b) $1 + \sin x$, $D(f) = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$ c) $\cot g z$, $D(f) = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$ d) $-2 \sin x$, $D(f) = \mathbb{R}$, e) $\operatorname{tg} \frac{u+v}{2}$

$u \pm v \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$ f) $\operatorname{tg} x$, $D(f) = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k \frac{\pi}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$

7. a) $\frac{1}{2}$ b) $-\sin x$, $D(f) = \mathbb{R}$, c) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ d) $\frac{1}{2}$ e) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ f) $-\frac{1}{2}$

9. a) $\sin x$, $x \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$ b) $\frac{1}{2} \cot g x$, $x \neq k \frac{\pi}{2}$ c) $2 \sin^2 x$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$ d) $\cot g x$, $x \neq k \frac{\pi}{2}$ e) $\operatorname{tg}^2 x$, $x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi$ f) 1 , $x \neq k\pi$

g) $\frac{1}{\sin 2x}$, $x \neq \frac{k\pi}{4}$ h) -1 , $x \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$ i) $\frac{1}{3}$, $x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi$ j) $-2 \cos 2x$, $x \neq k \frac{\pi}{2}$ k) $-\operatorname{tg} x$, $x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi$, $x \neq \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi$,

$x \neq \frac{5}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$ l) -1 , $x \neq k \frac{\pi}{2}$ m) $-\operatorname{tg} x$, $x \neq k\pi$ n) 0 , $x \neq k \frac{\pi}{3}$ o) $-\frac{2}{\cos \beta}$, $\beta \neq k\pi$ p) $2 \cos \gamma$, $\gamma \neq k\pi$

10.* využijte součtové vzorce: $9 \sin x - 24 \sin^3 x + 16 \sin^5 x$

11. využijte vzorců pro součet a rozdíl g.funkcí: a) $\cos 8^\circ$ b) $-\sqrt{2} \sin 18^\circ$ c) $\sqrt{3} \sin 52^\circ$ d) $\cos 62^\circ$ e) $\cos 1^\circ$ f) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

g) $\sin 48^\circ$ h) 0

12. a) $2 \sin \frac{5}{2}x \cos \frac{x}{2}$ b) $2 \sin 2x \sin x$ c) $2 \cos 3\beta \cos \beta$ d) $2 \cos 3x \sin 2x$

13. a) $-\cos 2^\circ$ b) $\sqrt{3} \cos 33^\circ$ c) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ d) $-\sqrt{3} \sin \frac{25}{24}\pi$

14. a) $\sqrt{3} \sin x$ b) 0 c) $-2 \sin 2\beta \cos(\beta + 30^\circ)$

15. a) $(2 \cos x + 1) \sin 2x$ b) $(2 \cos 2x - 1) \cos 5x$

16. a) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ nahraďte $\sin \frac{\pi}{4}$, případně $\cos \frac{\pi}{4}$, $\operatorname{tg} \left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{8} \right)$, $x \neq \frac{3}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$, $x \neq \frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$ b) $\operatorname{tg} x$, $x \neq \frac{3}{4}\pi + k\pi$,

$x \neq \frac{5}{4}\pi + k\pi$ c) $\cos x$ nahraďte $\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x \right)$, 1, $x \neq \frac{3}{4}\pi + k\pi$ d) číslo 1 nahraďte $\sin \frac{\pi}{2}$, $\operatorname{tg} \left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$, $x \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$

e) 0 , $x \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}$ f) $2 \sin x$, $x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi$ g) 1 , $x \neq k \frac{\pi}{2}$ h) 0 , $x \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{4}$